

# How do I find a credible Online Source?

**What does credible mean?** When something is credible, it is able to be believed. An online source is credible when it gives accurate information that is unbiased and not vague.

## Tips to finding credible sources:

### 1. Start with the web address

- a. What does the address end in? Is it .edu, .com, .org, .gov, or .net?
- b. Try to avoid addresses that end in .com, .org, or .net! Anyone can create a website with these endings. Note: this doesn't mean that they are unreliable.
- c. Colleges and universities use .edu, and the government uses .gov. You are more likely to find reliable sources under these domains.

### 2. Look at the Home page

- a. The home page offers us route to finding where the information is coming from.
- b. Take a look at the "About" page to see who contributes to the online web site and who edits it. The About page also tells you if there is a bias stance on the page.

### 3. Look at the author of the article

- a. Is the author credible? Does he/she have a PhD? Does he/she use correct grammar and spelling without slang or common speech? Does he/she seem biased (leaning to one side of the debate)?
- b. Does the author have a reference page or section? If your article has references, that means that the author is trying to back up the information presented with evidence.

### 4. Look at the date

- a. The article may have a sophisticated author and a detailed reference page, and maybe the information was correct a decade ago, but is no longer correct.
- b. Try to say at least 5 years between today and the published date

Here are some example of credible sites:

<https://www.science.gov>

<http://journals.plos.org/plosbiology/> → This site can lead you to really good journal articles and articles.

<http://www.nasa.gov>

<http://undsci.berkeley.edu>

<http://phet.colorado.edu>

<https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCZYTClx2T1of7BRZ86-8fow>